B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE SECOND YEAR FOURTH SEMESTER (Under CBCS w.e.f 2020-21)

Course 5:WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course the students will be able to:

- Understand the fundamental contours classical, western political philosophy, basic features of medieval political thought and shift from medieval to modern era.
- Understand the Social Contract Theory and appreciate its implications on the perception
 of State in terms of its purposes and role.
- Acquaint with the Liberal and Marxist philosophy and analyze some trends in Western Political Thought.
- Critically analyse the evolution of western political thought

	ANCIENT GREEK POLITICAL THOUGHT
UNIT-I:	ANCIENT GREEK POLITICAL THOUGH
1 ,	Plato-Rule of Philosopher Kings-Theory of Justice-Ideal State and
	Education
	Aristotle-Theory of State-Classification of Governments-Citizenship,
	Slavery and Theory of Revolutions.

	MEDIEVAL AND MODERN POLITICAL THOUGHT
UNIT-II:	MEDIEVAL AND MODERN TOETTE TO
- <-	1. St.Augustine-Theory of Two Cities.
	NiccoloMachiavelli-State and Statecraft.

UNIT-III: CONTRACTUAL POLITICAL THOUGHT		
UNIT-III:	1. Thomas Hobbes- Social Contract and Absolute Sovereignty.	
	2. John Locke- Human Nature, State of Nature, Social Contract, Natural	
	Rights and Limited Government	

3. Jean Jacques Rousseau-Human Nature, State of Nature, Social Contract, General Will and Popular Sovereignty

UNIT-IV:	UTILITARIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT	
	1. Jermy Bentham-Theory of Utility, Law and Reforms.	
	2. J.S.Mill-Theory of Liberty and Representative Government.	

UNIT-V:	MARXIST POLITICAL THOUGHT
	1. Karl Marx-Dialectical Materialism, Theory of Surplus Value and
	Class Struggle. 2. Antonio Gramsci-Hegemony and Civil Society.
	2. Antonio Granisci-riegemony and Civil Society.